## 2023 Halifax County, NC Peanut Yield Contest

Please complete the for	m below and submit to Halifax County Cooperative Extension no later than
	5:00pm Friday, January 19, 2024.
Growers Name	Phone
Address	
City, State, Zip Code	
FSA Farm Numbers	
Total Pounds of All Peanu on All farms in All Countie	IS:
	(must be verifiable with poundage report from buying station)
Total Peanut Acreage on	All farms in All Counties:
Average Yield:	
yield points to determine of	be awarded for acreages over 100 and added to the official official contest points. (1 point for every 100 acres over 100 or ounty must be your primary county of operation.
Growers Signature:	Date:
PLEASE RETURN TO:	Halifax Cooperative Extension Attn: Brandon Pike PO Box 37 / 359 Ferrell Lane Halifax, NC 27839
	or via email to: brandon_pike@ncsu.edu
For more information pl	ease contact the Halifax Extension office at (252) 583-5161.



### 8. GUIDELINES FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA PEANUT PRODUCTION CONTEST, 5,000 POUND CLUB, AND GROUP OF SIXTY

#### David L. Jordan

Extension Specialist—Department of Crop and Soil Sciences

#### **Ashley Collins**

Chief Executive Officer—North Carolina Peanut Growers Association Inc.

#### **BACKGROUND AND CRITERIA**

For many years the North Carolina Peanut Growers Association, in cooperation with NC State Extension, has supported a peanut production contest at county and state levels and a luncheon to recognize farmers producing an average of at least 5,000 pounds per acre on all of their production. Table 8-1 shows the average yield of the 5,000 Pound Club members from 2014 to 2021 in contrast with state averages and growers attending county production meetings. Entries should be sent to Ashley Collins (ashley.collins@aboutpeanuts.com) and David Jordan (david jordan@ncsu.edu) by January 25 to be eligible. Growers with a point total of 60 or more will also be recognized as a member of The Group of Sixty. Achieving 60 points is truly remarkable. In 2021, one farming operation had yields and acres that led to more than 70 points. We decided to create a new category in referring to this winner as The Board of Seventy. The Group of Sixty will be recognized with a certificate. The Board of Seventy will be recognized with a wooden plaque. A luncheon will be held in March 2023 for The Group of Sixty and The Board of Seventy. Farmers with at least 5,000 pounds per acre on their total production will be recognized with a certificate at the county peanut production meetings.

Please note that the purpose of this contest and the recognition that comes along with the awards are focused on the person(s) or enterprise that is involved directly in the production and management of the peanut crop in the field. We fully realize that there are many types of arrangements and in some cases silent partners who support or have financial interests in the farming operation that meets the criteria described. Those relationships are certainly important to the farming operation. However, our goal with these awards is recognition of the farmer who is actively

engaged in the day-to-day decision-making process and implementation of those decisions on the farm. Though we fully realize the importance of financial partners that enable farming operations to function, the goal of this contest is to recognize the actual grower.

Year	State Average	Grower Meetings Participants	5,000 Pound Club		
2014	4,320	4,860 (3,600 to 6,400)	5,660		
2015	3,400	4,080 (0 to 5,700)	5,700		
2016	3,450	3,840 (0 to 5,740)	5,540		
2017	4,030	4,650 (2,300 to 6,530)	5,500		
2018	3,780	4,340 (600 to 6,010)	5,470		
2019	4,300	4,860 (2,500 to 6,600)	5,720		
2020	3,900	4,350 (2,700 to 5,600)	5,420		
2021	4,350	4,770 (3,300 to 6,700)	5,698		

Table 8-1. Peanut yield (pounds/acre) from 2014 to 2021

The North Carolina Peanut Production Contest involves a combination of yield per acre and additional points based on total acreage. The following criteria are currently being used and include an example calculation.

- 1. *Eligibility*: Must produce at least 25 acres of peanuts.
- 2. Requirements:
  - A. Variety—Any variety can be grown.
  - B. Acreage—The entire peanut acreage under production by an individual will be used to determine official yields. The applicant enters the county in which he or she is a resident, regardless of the percentage of peanuts he or she produces in that county. For example, if the farmer resides in Pitt County but farms in Pitt, Edgecombe, and Martin counties, the farmer must enter the contest in Pitt County even if the number of acres in Pitt County is fewer than acreage in Edgecombe or Martin. Production from all states the farmers grow peanuts in must be considered in the contest.
  - C. Entry requirement—Official yields will be determined by the county Cooperative Extension agent. The contest will require trust that the applicant is accurately representing yield and acreage information.
- 3. *Point System*: An example of point calculations is provided below. The official entry will be from the contestant's county of residence (Figure 8-1).

**Step 1.** Yield—Average yield per acre (net weight) divided by 100.

Step 2. Acreage—Points will be accumulated for acreage as follows:

Α.	0 – 100 acres	0 points
В.	101 – 200 acres	1 additional point or fraction thereof
C.	201 – 300 acres	1 additional point or fraction thereof
D.	301 – 400 acres	1 additional point or fraction thereof
Ε.	401 – 500 acres	1 additional point or fraction thereof
F.	501 – 600 acres	1 additional point or fraction thereof
G.	601 or higher	No additional points

Sample calculation:

Farmer produces 2,397,407 pounds on 420.2 acres Average yield = 2,397,407 divided by 420.2 = 5,705.4 pounds per acre

**Step 1.** 5,705.4/100 = 57.054 **Step 2.** Acreage

0 - 100 acres = 0 point 101 - 200 acres = 1 point 201 - 300 acres = 1 point 301 - 400 acres = 1 point 401 - 500 acres = 0.202 point **Total Points = 60.256** 

#### **GROWER SURVEY**

Applicants also must complete a survey of production and pest management practices (Figure 8-2). Results from surveys often are incorporated into recommendations for North Carolina peanut producers. **Please note that the applicant must sign the certification form. Unsigned entries will not be accepted**.

Figure	8-1.	Sample	Certification	Form
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CERTI	ICATION OF POINTS	S IN PEANUT PRODUCTION CONTEST			
Date					
Applica	nt	County of residence			
Addres	S	Total points			
Name o	f enterprise				
Countie	s of production				
States	of production				
Official		after drying)			
THE APPLICANT CERTIFIES THAT POUNDS OF PEANUTS WERE HARVESTED FROM ACRES. THE UNDERSIGNED PARTICIPANT GUARANTEES, IN GOOD FAITH, THAT THE PRODUCTION FOR THE GIVEN CROP YIELD AND THE ACRES ON WHICH PRODUCTION OCCURRED ARE ACCURATE.					
Average	e Yield/Acre = poir	its			
Acreag	Э				
Α.	0 — 100 acres				
В.	101 – 200 acres				
C.	201 – 300 acres				
D.	301 – 400 acres 🔄				
E.	401 – 500 acres 🔄				
F.	501 – 600 acres 🔄				
G.	601 – 700 acres \_				
H.	>700, no additional p	points			
	Total Grand total				
Signatu	res				
Countv	Agent				
obarrey					
Applica	nt				

#### Figure 8-2. Sample Production Practices Survey

# MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR PRODUCTION CHAMPION, 5000 POUND CLUB, AND GROUP OF SIXTY—2022 SEASON

Applicants must complete this form to be eligible for the contest. Name \_\_\_\_\_\_ County \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ Date 1. Planting date: \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Seeding rate: \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Row spacing: Twin or single rows: 4. Varieties (please indicate approximate percentage of acres for each variety): 5. Rotation Crops: 2021 (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 2020 \_\_\_\_\_ (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 2019 (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 2018 (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 2017 (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 2016 \_\_\_\_\_ (if more than one, please include percentage of acres) 6. Lime applied and rate: 2022 \_\_\_\_\_ 2021 \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Fertilizer used (provide percentage of acres): 8. Gypsum (please list trade name): 9. Broadcast or banded: \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Bagged, bulk, or granular: \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Rate and application date:

12. Herbicides:
Burndown
13. Leaf spot program (list fungicide for each timing):
A.       E.         B.       F.         C.       G.         D.       H.
14. What percentage of your acreage was treated for Sclerotinia blight? (Circle the percentage.)
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
15. What percentage of your acreage was fumigated for CBR? (Circle the percentage.)
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
<ol> <li>What percentage of your acreage was treated with an in-furrow insecticide? (Circle the percentage.)</li> </ol>
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
17. What percentage of your acreage was treated for foliar insects? (Circle the percentage.)
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
<ol> <li>What percentage of your acreage was treated for southern corn rootworm? (Circle the percentage.)</li> </ol>
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
19. What percentage of your acreage was treated for spider mites? (Circle the percentage.)
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
20. What percentage of your acreage was irrigated? (Circle the percentage.)
0 20 40 60 80 100 Chemical used
21. Did you apply boron? How much and what brand?
22. Did you apply manganese?How much and what brand?
23. Did you inoculate? What product and what percentage of acres?

Figure 8-2. Sample Production Practices Survey (continued)

Figuro 8-2	Samula	Production	Practicos	Survey	(continued)
rigure o-z.	Sample	FIGURCION	Fractices	Survey	(continueu)

24.	24. What percentage of your acreage received the following tillage practices?								
	Disk	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Chisel	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Moldboard plow	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Field cultivate	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Bed	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Rip and bed	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Strip-till	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	No-till	0	20	40	60	80	100		
	Did you apply Apogee varieties?					age and to w	vhat		
26.	Place a number for ea	ich piece of	equipment	in a size cate	egory.				
4 6 2 4 6 8	2-row digger								
27. How many days did it take to dig and harvest your entire peanut crop?          dig         harvest									
28. What caused your greatest delay in harvesting?									
29. What decisions and/or practices contributed most to your success?									